

Third Semester					
Group	Paper Code	Paper	L	P	Credits
Theory Papers					
ES	ES-201	Computational Methods	4		4
HS/MS	HS-203	Indian Knowledge System*	2		2
PC	ICC-205	Engineering Electromagnetics	4		4
PC	EEC-207	Electrical Machines	4		4
PC	EEC-213	Circuits and Systems	4		4
PC	ECC-219	Analog Electronics	4		4
Practical / Viva Voce					
ES	ES-251	Computational Methods Lab		2	1
PC	EEC-253	Circuits and Systems Lab		2	1
PC	EEC-255	Electrical Machines Lab		2	1
PC	ECC-265	Analog Electronics Lab		2	1
Total			22	8	26

Paper Code(s): ES-201	L	P	C
Paper: Computational Methods	4	-	4

Marking Scheme:

1. Teachers Continuous Evaluation: 25 marks
2. Term end Theory Examinations: 75 marks

Instructions for paper setter:

1. There should be 9 questions in the term end examinations question paper.
2. The first (1st) question should be compulsory and cover the entire syllabus. This question should be objective, single line answers or short answer type question of total 15 marks.
3. Apart from question 1 which is compulsory, rest of the paper shall consist of 4 units as per the syllabus. Every unit shall have two questions covering the corresponding unit of the syllabus. However, the student shall be asked to attempt only one of the two questions in the unit. Individual questions may contain upto 5 sub-parts / sub-questions. Each Unit shall have a marks weightage of 15.
4. The questions are to be framed keeping in view the learning outcomes of the course / paper. The standard / level of the questions to be asked should be at the level of the prescribed textbook.
5. The requirement of (scientific) calculators / log-tables / data – tables may be specified if required.

Course Objectives :

- | | |
|----|---|
| 1. | To understand numerical methods to find roots of functions and first order unconstrained minimization of functions. |
| 2. | To introduce concept of interpolation methods and numerical integration. |
| 3. | To understand numerical methods to solve systems of algebraic equations and curve fitting by splines. |
| 4. | To understand numerical methods for the solution of Ordinary and partial differential equations. |

Course Outcomes (CO) btechnotes.in

- | | |
|-------------|--|
| CO 1 | Ability to develop mathematical models of low level engineering problems |
| CO 2 | Ability to apply interpolation methods and numerical integration. |
| CO 3 | Ability to solve simultaneous linear equations and curve fitting by splines |
| CO 4 | Ability to numerically solve ordinary differential equations that are initial value or boundary value problems |

Course Outcomes (CO) to Programme Outcomes (PO) mapping (scale 1: low, 2: Medium, 3: High)

	PO01	PO02	PO03	PO04	PO05	PO06	PO07	PO08	PO09	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO 1	3	2	2	2	2	-	-	-	2	2	2	3
CO 2	3	2	2	2	2	-	-	-	2	2	2	3
CO 3	3	3	3	3	2	-	-	-	2	2	2	3
CO 4	3	3	3	3	2	-	-	-	2	2	2	3

UNIT-I

Review of Taylor Series, Rolle 's Theorem and Mean Value Theorem, Approximations and Errors in numerical computations, Data representation and computer arithmetic, Loss of significance in computation
 Location of roots of equation: Bisection method (convergence analysis and implementation), Newton Method (convergence analysis and implementation), Secant Method (convergence analysis and implementation).
 Unconstrained one variable function minimization by Fibonacci search, Golden Section Search and Newton's method. Multivariate function minimization by the method of steepest descent, Nelder- Mead Algorithm.

UNIT-II

Interpolation: Assumptions for interpolation, errors in polynomial interpolation, Finite differences, Gregory-Newton's Forward Interpolation, Gregory-Newton's backward Interpolation, Lagrange's Interpolation, Newton's divided difference interpolation
 Numerical Integration: Definite Integral, Newton-Cote's Quadrature formula, Trapezoidal Rule, Simpson's one-third rule, simpson's three-eight rule, Errors in quadrature formulae, Romberg's Algorithm, Gaussian Quadrature formula.

UNIT-III

System of Linear Algebraic Equations: Existence of solution, Gauss elimination method and its computational effort, concept of Pivoting, Gauss Jordan method and its computational effort, Triangular Matrix factorization methods: Dolittle algorithm, Crout's Algorithm, Cholesky method, Eigen value problem: Power method
Approximation by Spline Function: First-Degree and second degree Splines, Natural Cubic Splines, B Splines, Interpolation and Approximation

UNIT - IV

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Numerical solution of ordinary Differential Equations: Picard's method, Taylor series method, Euler's and Runge-Kutta's methods, Predictor-corrector methods: Euler's method, Adams-Bashforth method, Milne's method.

Numerical Solution of Partial Differential equations: Parabolic, Hyperbolic, and elliptic equations
Implementation to be done in C/C++

Textbook(s):

1. E. Ward Cheney & David R. Kincaid , "Numerical Mathematics and Computing" Cengage; 7th ed (2013).

References:

1. R. L. Burden and J. D. Faires, "Numerical Analysis", CENGAGE Learning Custom Publishing; 10th Edition (2015).
2. S. D. Conte and C. de Boor, "Elementary Numerical Analysis: An Algorithmic Approach", McGraw Hill, 3rd ed. (2005).
3. H. M. Antia, "Numerical Methods for Scientists & Engineers", Hindustan Book Agency, (2002).
4. E Balagurusamy "Numerical Methods" McGraw Hill Education (2017).

Paper Code(s): HS-203	L	P	C
Paper: Indian Knowledge System	2	-	2

Marking Scheme:

1. Teachers Continuous Evaluation: 25 marks
2. Term end Theory Examinations: 75 marks
3. This is an NUES paper, hence all examinations to be conducted by the concerned teacher.

Instruction for paper setter:

1. There should be 9 questions in the term end examinations question paper.
2. The first (1st) question should be compulsory and cover the entire syllabus. This question should be objective, single line answers or short answer type question of total 15 marks.
3. Apart from question 1 which is compulsory, rest of the paper shall consist of 4 units as per the syllabus. Every unit shall have two questions covering the corresponding unit of the syllabus. However, the student shall be asked to attempt only one of the two questions in the unit. Individual questions may contain upto 5 sub-parts / sub-questions. Each Unit shall have a marks weightage of 15.
4. The questions are to be framed keeping in view the learning outcomes of the course / paper. The standard / level of the questions to be asked should be at the level of the prescribed textbook.
5. The requirement of (scientific) calculators / log-tables / data – tables may be specified if required.

Course Objectives :

1. To understand the Indian knowledge System.
2. To understand the foundational concepts for science and technology.
3. To understand the ancient Indian mathematics and astronomy.
4. To understand the ancient Indian engineering and technology.

Course Outcomes (CO)

- CO 1** Ability to understand the Indian knowledge System.
- CO 2** Ability to understand and apply foundational concepts for science and technology.
- CO 3** Ability to understand and apply ancient Indian mathematics and astronomy
- CO 4** Ability to understand ancient Indian engineering and technology.

Course Outcomes (CO) to Programme Outcomes (PO) mapping (scale 1: low, 2: Medium, 3: High)

	PO01	PO02	PO03	PO04	PO05	PO06	PO07	PO08	PO09	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO 1	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	2
CO 2	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	2	-	2
CO 3	3	3	-	-	btechnotes.in	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
CO 4	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2

UNIT-I

Indian Knowledge System (IKS) - An Introduction:

Overview of IKS - Importance of Ancient Knowledge; Defining IKS; The IKS Corpus – A Classification Framework; Chaturdaśa-Vidyāsthāna; History of IKS, Some unique aspects of IKS;

The Vedic Corpus – Introduction to Vedas; The Four Vedas and their divisions; Vedāngas; Vedic Life;

Philosophical Systems – Indian Philosophical Systems; Vedic Schools of Philosophy; Non-Vedic Philosophical Systems; Wisdom through the Ages – Purānas, Itihāsa as source of wisdom, Rāmāyana, Mahābhārata, Niti-śāstras, Subhāssitas.

UNIT-II

Foundational Concepts for Science and Technology:

Linguistics - Components of Language; Pānini's work on Sanskrit Grammar; Phonetics in Sanskrit; Patterns in Sanskrit Vocabulary; Computational Concepts in Astādhyāyi, Logic for Sentence Construction; Importance of Verbs; Role of Sanskrit in Natural Language Processing

Number System and Units of Measurement – Number System in India; Salient Features of the Indian Numeral System; Unique approaches to represent numbers; Measurements for Time, Distance and Weight; Pingala and

the Binary System

Knowledge: Framework and Classification – The Knowledge Triangle; Prameya; Pramāna; Samśaya; Framework for establishing Valid Knowledge

UNIT-III

Mathematic and Astronomy in IKS:

Mathematics – Unique aspects of Indian Mathematics; Great Mathematicians and their Contributions; Arithmetic; Geometry; Trigonometry; Algebra; Binary Mathematics and Combinatorial Problems in Chandah-śāstra of Pingala, Magic Squares in India

Astronomy - Unique aspects of Indian Astronomy; Historical Development of Astronomy in India; The Celestial Coordinate System; Elements of the Indian Calendar; Āryabhatiya and the Siddhāntic Tradition; Pancānga; Astronomical Instruments; Jantar Mantar of Rājā Jai Singh Sawai

UNIT - IV

Engineering and Technology in IKS:

Engineering and Technology: Metals and Metalworking – The Indian S & T Heritage; Mining and Ore Extraction; Metals and Metalworking Technology; Iron and Steel in India; Lost wax casting of Idols and Artefacts; Apparatuses used for Extraction of Metallic Components

Engineering and Technology: Other Applications – Literary sources for Science and Technology; Physical Structures in India; Irrigation and Water Management; Dyes and Painting Technology; Surgical Techniques; Shipbuilding; Sixty-four Art Forums; Status of Indigenous S & T

Textbook(s):

1. B. Mahadevan, Vinayaka Rajat Bhat & Nagendra Pavana R.N., "Introduction to Knowledge System: Concepts and Applications" PHI (2022).

References:

1. C.M Neelakandhan & K.A. Ravindran, "Vedic Texts and The Knowledge Systems of India", Sri Sankaracharya University of Sanskrit, Kalady (2010). btechnotes.in
2. P.P. Divakaran, "The Mathematics of India: Concepts, Methods, Connections", Springer (2018)
3. C.A. Sharma, "Critical Survey of Indian Philosophy", Motilal Banarasidass Publication (1964)
4. G. Huet, A. Kulkarni & P. Scharf, "Sanskrit Computational Linguistics", Springer (2009).
5. A.K. Bag, "History of Technology in India", Indian National Science Academy, Vol 1, (1997)

Paper Code(s): ICC-205	L	P	C
Paper: Engineering Electromagnetics	4	-	4

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Marking Scheme:

1. Teachers Continuous Evaluation: 25 marks
2. Term end Theory Examinations: 75 marks

Instructions for paper setter:

1. There should be 9 questions in the term end examinations question paper.
2. The first (1st) question should be compulsory and cover the entire syllabus. This question should be objective, single line answers or short answer type question of total 15 marks.
3. Apart from question 1 which is compulsory, rest of the paper shall consist of 4 units as per the syllabus. Every unit shall have two questions covering the corresponding unit of the syllabus. However, the student shall be asked to attempt only one of the two questions in the unit. Individual questions may contain upto 5 sub-parts / sub-questions. Each Unit shall have a marks weightage of 15.
4. The questions are to be framed keeping in view the learning outcomes of the course / paper. The standard / level of the questions to be asked should be at the level of the prescribed textbook.
5. The requirement of (scientific) calculators / log-tables / data – tables may be specified if required.

Course Objectives :

1. To impart the basic laws of electromagnetism.
2. To impart the knowledge of solution to real life plane wave problems for various boundary conditions and analyse the field equations for the wave propagation in special cases.
3. To impart the knowledge of characteristics and carryout impedance transformation on high frequency transmission lines.
4. To impart the knowledge of the wave propagation on metallic waveguides.

Course Outcomes (CO)

- CO 1** To understand the basic laws of electromagnetism.
- CO 2** To provide solution of real life plane wave problems for various boundary conditions and analyse the field equations for the wave propagation in special cases.
- CO 3** Understand the characteristics and carryout impedance transformation on high frequency transmission lines.
- CO 4** Analyze wave propagation on metallic waveguides in modal form.

Course Outcomes (CO) to Programme Outcomes (PO) mapping (scale 1: low, 2: Medium, 3: High)

	PO01	PO02	PO03	PO04	PO05	PO06	PO07	PO08	PO09	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO 1	3	3	3	3	2	1	1	-	2	1	-	2
CO 2	3	3	3	3	2	1	1	-	2	1	-	2
CO 3	3	3	3	3	2	1	1	-	2	1	-	2
CO 4	3	3	3	3	2	1	1	-	2	1	-	2

UNIT I

Vector algebra and vector calculus with significance of del operators-theorems and applications, Maxwell's equations (for static, time varying fields) in integral and differential forms, Continuity equation, boundary conditions for electric magnetic fields, Programmatic solutions to Maxwell's equations using MATLAB, Poisson's and Laplace's equations.

UNIT II

Electromagnetic waves: wave generation and equations in free space, lossy and lossless dielectrics, conductors-skin depth – Plane wave reflection and refraction – Standing Wave – Applications. Wave propagation in lossless and conducting medium, phase and group velocity, Reflection by a perfect conductor, insulator, Brewster Angle, surface impedance. Guided waves and flow of power: Poynting vector and Poynting theorem, applications, power loss in a conductor.

UNIT III

Transmission Lines: General solution for transmission lines – Equations of voltage and current, Standing waves and impedance transformation, Lossless and low-loss transmission lines, meaning of reflection coefficient wavelength and velocity of propagation, distortion less transmission line, impedance matching – quarter wave line, single stub matching, double stub matching, Power transfer, Microstrip transmission line, Smith chart.

UNIT IV

Waveguides: Rectangular waveguide, characteristic of TE and TM waves-cutoff wavelength and phase velocity impossibility of TEM waves in waveguides-dominant mode, Surface currents, Attenuation, impedances. Circular wave guides-solution of field equations in cylindrical coordinates-TE and TM waves in circular guides – wave impedance and characteristic impedance, Microwave cavities: rectangular cavity resonators, circular cavity resonators-Q-factor.

Introduction to antenna: monopole and dipole antenna.

Textbook(s):

1. M. N. O. Sadiku , “Elements of Electromagnetics”, Oxford University Press 2007
2. W. H. Hayt, “Engineering Electromagnetics”, Tata McGraw Hill, 2006

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Reference Books:

1. E. C. Jordon, K. G. Balman, “Electromagnetic Waves & Radiation System” Prentice Hall, India
2. G. S. Rao, “Electromagnetic Field Theory and Transmission lines” Wiley India.
3. David M. Pozar, “Microwave Engineering” John Wiley – 2nd edition.

Paper Code(s): EEC-207	L	P	C
Paper: Electrical Machines	4	-	4

Marking Scheme:

1. Teachers Continuous Evaluation: 25 marks
2. Term end Theory Examinations: 75 marks

Instructions for paper setter:

1. There should be 9 questions in the term end examinations question paper.
2. The first (1st) question should be compulsory and cover the entire syllabus. This question should be objective, single line answers or short answer type question of total 15 marks.
3. Apart from question 1 which is compulsory, rest of the paper shall consist of 4 units as per the syllabus. Every unit shall have two questions covering the corresponding unit of the syllabus. However, the student shall be asked to attempt only one of the two questions in the unit. Individual questions may contain upto 5 sub-parts / sub-questions. Each Unit shall have a marks weightage of 15.
4. The questions are to be framed keeping in view the learning outcomes of the course / paper. The standard / level of the questions to be asked should be at the level of the prescribed textbook.
5. The requirement of (scientific) calculators / log-tables / data – tables may be specified if required.

Course Objectives :

1. To impart the concepts of DC Machines.
2. To impart the concepts of Transformers.
3. To impart the concepts of Induction Motors.
4. To impart the concepts of Synchronous Motors.

Course Outcomes (CO)

- CO 1** Ability to understand working and applications of DC Motors.
- CO 2** Ability to understand working and analysis of Transformers.
- CO 3** Ability to understand working and applications of Induction Motors.
- CO 4** Ability to understand working and applications of Synchronous Machines

Course Outcomes (CO) to Programme Outcomes (PO) mapping (scale 1: low, 2: Medium, 3: High)

	PO01	PO02	PO03	PO04	PO05	PO06	PO07	PO08	PO09	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO 1	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	-	2	1	-	2
CO 2	3	3	1	3	3	2	1	-	3	1	-	2
CO 3	3	3	3	3	3	3	1	-	2	1	-	1
CO 4	3	3	3	3	3	2	1	-	2	1	-	2

UNIT- I

Principles of Electromechanical Energy Conversion. DC machines: construction, armature windings, induced EMF equation, torque production, magnetization curve. Types of generators and motors, characteristics, commutation and interpoles, armature reaction, Speed control of dc motor and starting.

PMDC machine: Introduction and need of brushless motors

[T1, T2]

UNIT- II

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Transformers: construction, ideal and practical transformer, equivalent circuits, voltage regulation, maximum efficiency criterion. Open circuit and short circuit tests. Phasor diagrams on no load, full load, lagging and leading power factor loads. Three phase transformer.

Introduction to polyphase induction machines, production of rotating magnetic flux vector, principle of operation, importance of air gap, comparison with transformer, types of rotor.

[T1, T2]

UNIT- III

Induction motors: Development of an equivalent circuit, estimation of parameters, no load and block rotor tests. Torque slip characteristics, starting of induction motors methods, deep bar and double cage rotor, power relations, speed control of induction motors.

Single phase induction motor, double field revolving theory, starting methods of single phase induction motors, universal motor and introduction to switched reluctance motor. [T1, T2]

UNIT- IV

Synchronous Machine: construction, pitch factor and distribution factor, induced emf equation, equivalent circuits and phasor diagrams, power relations, OCC and SCC characteristics for voltage regulation of alternator, salient pole and cylindrical rotor machines and phasors. Effect of excitation and V curves. Power factor correction and parallel operation of synchronous generator. [T1, T2]

Textbook(s):

1. I.J Nagrath and D.P.Kothari, "Electrical Machines", Tata Mc Graw Hill, 2010, Fourth Edition.
2. Bhag S. Guru, Huseyin R. Hiziroglu, "Electric Machinery and Transformers", Oxford Pub., 3rd Ed.

Reference Books:

1. M. V. Deshpande, "Electrical Machines" PHI.
2. PC Sen, "Principles of Electric Machinery and Power Electronics", Wiley and Sons, Third Edition.
3. Ashfaq Hussain, "Electrical Machines", Dhanpat Rai.
4. Fitzgerald, A.E. , C.Kingslay & Umans, "Electrical Machines", Mc Graw Hill.
5. Ghosh, " Electrical Machines", Pearson.

Paper Code(s): EEC-213 / EEC-208	L	P	C
Paper: Circuits and Systems	4	-	4

Marking Scheme:

1. Teachers Continuous Evaluation: 25 marks
2. Term end Theory Examinations: 75 marks btechnotes.in

Instructions for paper setter:

1. There should be 9 questions in the term end examinations question paper.
2. The first (1st) question should be compulsory and cover the entire syllabus. This question should be objective, single line answers or short answer type question of total 15 marks.
3. Apart from question 1 which is compulsory, rest of the paper shall consist of 4 units as per the syllabus. Every unit shall have two questions covering the corresponding unit of the syllabus. However, the student shall be asked to attempt only one of the two questions in the unit. Individual questions may contain upto 5 sub-parts / sub-questions. Each Unit shall have a marks weightage of 15.
4. The questions are to be framed keeping in view the learning outcomes of the course / paper. The standard / level of the questions to be asked should be at the level of the prescribed textbook.
5. The requirement of (scientific) calculators / log-tables / data – tables may be specified if required.

Course Objectives :

1. To impart the knowledge of various signal and system.
2. To understand modelling of circuit.
3. To impart knowledge of theorems in AC circuit.
4. To impart knowledge of two port network and transfer function.

Course Outcomes (CO)

- CO 1** Ability to understand properties of signal and system.
- CO 2** Ability to determine transient response of circuit.
- CO 3** Ability to solve AC circuit.
- CO 4** Ability to determine two port parameter and transfer function.

Course Outcomes (CO) to Programme Outcomes (PO) mapping (scale 1: low, 2: Medium, 3: High)

	PO01	PO02	PO03	PO04	PO05	PO06	PO07	PO08	PO09	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO 1	3	3	3	3	2	-	-	-	1	1	1	1
CO 2	3	3	3	3	2	-	-	-	1	1	1	1
CO 3	3	3	3	3	2	-	-	-	1	1	1	1
CO 4	3	3	3	3	2	-	-	-	1	1	1	1

UNIT – I

Signals, Classification of Signals, Systems, Classification of Systems, Linear Time Invariant (LTI) Systems; Laplace Transform, z-Transform, Fourier Series and Transform (Continuous and Discrete) and their properties. Laplace Transform and Continuous Time LTI systems, z-Transform and Discrete Time LTI systems, Fourier analysis of signals and systems, State Space Analysis. [T1]

UNIT-II

System modeling in terms of differential equations and transient response of R, L, C, series and parallel circuits for impulse, step, ramp, sinusoidal and exponential signals by classical method and using Laplace transform. [T2]

UNIT – III

AC Circuits: Circuits containing Capacitors and Inductors, Transient Response, Alternating Current and Voltages, Phasors, Impedances and Admittance, Mesh Analysis, Loop Analysis, Nodal Analysis, Thevenin's and Norton's Theorem, Y - D and D- Y Transformation, Bridge Circuits. Resonant Circuits, Complex Frequency and Network Function, Two port Networks. Passive Filters. [T2]

UNIT – IV

Graph theory: concept of tree, tie set matrix, cut set matrix and application to solve electric networks.

Two port networks – Introduction of two port parameters and their interconversion, interconnection of two 2-port networks, open circuit and short circuit impedances and ABCD constants, relation between image impedances and short circuit and open circuit impedances. Network functions, their properties and concept of transform impedance, Hurwitz polynomial. [T2]

Textbook(s):

1. B. P. Lathi, "Signal Processing and Linear System", Berkeley Cambridge Press, 1998.
2. A. H. Robbins and W. C. Miller, "Circuit Analysis: Theory and Practice", Thomson Learning/Delmar Pub., 2007.

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Reference Books:

1. S. Haykin and B. V. Veen, "Signal and Systems", John Wiley and Sons, 1999.
2. H. P. Hsu, "Schaum's Outlines of The Theory and Problems of Signals and Systems", McGraw-Hill, 1995.
3. S. Madhu, "Linear Circuit Analysis", Prentice Hall, 1988.
4. S. Ghosh, "Signals and Systems", Pearson Education, 2006.
5. S. Poornachandra, "Signal and Systems", Thomson Learning, 2004.
6. M. Nahvi and J. A. Edminister, "Schaum's Outline of Theory and Problems of Electric Circuits", McGraw-Hill, 2003.

Paper Code(s): ECC-219	L	P	C
Paper: Analog Electronics	4	-	4

Marking Scheme:

1. Teachers Continuous Evaluation: 25 marks
2. Term end Theory Examinations: 75 marks

Instructions for paper setter:

1. There should be 9 questions in the term end examinations question paper.
2. The first (1st) question should be compulsory and cover the entire syllabus. This question should be objective, single line answers or short answer type question of total 15 marks.
3. Apart from question 1 which is compulsory, rest of the paper shall consist of 4 units as per the syllabus. Every unit shall have two questions covering the corresponding unit of the syllabus. However, the student shall be asked to attempt only one of the two questions in the unit. Individual questions may contain upto 5 sub-parts / sub-questions. Each Unit shall have a marks weightage of 15.
4. The questions are to be framed keeping in view the learning outcomes of the course / paper. The standard / level of the questions to be asked should be at the level of the prescribed textbook.
5. The requirement of (scientific) calculators / log-tables / data – tables may be specified if required.

Course Objectives :

1. To impart the knowledge of Diodes.
2. To understand the working of transistor based amplifiers.
3. To impart the knowledge of operational amplifier and its applications. btechnotes.in
4. To impart the knowledge of various wave form generators.

Course Outcomes (CO)

- CO 1** Ability to understand working and application of various Diodes.
- CO 2** Ability to analyse various amplifier circuits.
- CO 3** Ability to understand working and applications of operational amplifier.
- CO 4** Ability to analyse different waveform generators.

Course Outcomes (CO) to Programme Outcomes (PO) mapping (scale 1: low, 2: Medium, 3: High)

	PO01	PO02	PO03	PO04	PO05	PO06	PO07	PO08	PO09	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO 1	2	2	2	2	1	2	1	-	2	2	-	3
CO 2	3	3	2	2	1	2	1	-	2	2	-	2
CO 3	2	2	1	2	1	2	1	-	2	2	-	2
CO 4	2	2	2	2	1	2	1	-	2	2	-	2

Unit I

Evaluation Of Electronics: Energy Band Structures In Metals, Semiconductors And Insulators, Properties Of Intrinsic And Extrinsic Semiconductors,

Theory of p-n junction Diode: Diode Current Equation, Diode Resistance, Transition Capacitance, Diffusion Capacitance, Switching Characteristics, Special Diodes: Zener Diode, Varactor Diode, Tunnel Diode, Photodiode, Light Emitting Diodes, Schottky Barrier Diode, Applications of Diodes: Half-Wave Rectifier, Full-Wave Rectifier, Clippers and Clampers (Elementary treatment only). [T1]

Unit II

Bipolar junction transistor: Introduction of transistor, construction, transistor operations, BJT characteristics, load line, operating point, leakage currents, saturation and cut off mode of operations CB, CE, CC configurations

Small signal amplifiers: CB, CE, CC configurations, hybrid model for transistor at low frequencies, RC coupled amplifiers, mid band model, gain & impedance, comparisons of different configurations, Emitter follower, Darlington pair, Multistage amplifiers, Feedback amplifiers. [T1]

UNIT III

Linear & Non Linear Wave shaping: , Inverting and non-inverting amplifiers, voltage follower, difference amp, adders, Voltage to current with floating & grounded load, current to voltage converter, practical integrator & differentiator, Clipping & Clamping circuits, Comparators, log/antilog circuits using Op-Amps, precision rectifiers(half & full wave),peak detector, Inverting & non inverting Schmitt trigger circuit.

Waveform generations: Sine wave generator (Phase shift, Wein bridge, Hartley & Colpitts), Barkhausen criteria of oscillations, conditions for oscillation, crystal oscillator. [T2]

UNIT IV

Waveform generators: Square and triangular waveform generators (determine period and frequency), saw tooth wave generator, Astable multi-vibrator, Monostable and Bistable Multivibrator.

Active RC Filters: Idealistic & Realistic response of filters (LPF, BPF, HPF, BRF), Butter worth & Chebyshev approximation filter functions All pass, Notch Filter. IC phase locked loops, IC voltage regulators, IC VCO. [T2]

Textbook(s):

1. Salivahanan , Suresh Kumar, Vallavaraj, "Electronic Devices and Circuits" TMH, 1999
2. D. Roy Choudhary, Shail B Jain, "Linear Integrated Circuits" New Age Publisher, 1999.

Reference Books:

1. B. Kumar ,Shail Bala Jain, "Electronic Devices and Circuits" PHI.
2. M.Rashid , "Microelectronic Circuit", Cengage Learning Publication.
3. Sedra & Smith, "Micro Electronic Circuits" Oxford University Press, 2000
4. David A Bell, "Operational Amplifiers and Linear IC's", PHI.

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ICE LABORATORIES

Paper Code(s): ES-251	L	P	C
Paper: Computational Methods Lab	-	2	1

Marking Scheme:

1. Teachers Continuous Evaluation: 40 marks
2. Term end Theory Examinations: 60 marks

Instructions:

1. The course objectives and course outcomes are identical to that of (Computational Methods) as this is the practical component of the corresponding theory paper.
2. The practical list shall be notified by the teacher in the first week of the class commencement under intimation to the office of the Head of Department / Institution in which the paper is being offered from the list of practicals below. Atleast 10 experiments must be performed by the students, they may be asked to do more. Atleast 5 experiments must be from the given list.

Implementation to be done in C/C++ btechnotes.in

1. Program for finding roots of $f(x)=0$ Newton Raphson method.
2. Program for finding roots of $f(x)=0$ by bisection method.
3. Program for finding roots of $f(x)=0$ by secant method.
4. To implement Langrange's Interpolation formula.
5. To implement Newton's Divided Difference formula.
6. Program for solving numerical integration by Trapezoidal rule
7. Program for solving numerical integration by Simpson's 1/3 rule
8. To implement Numerical Integration Simpson 3/8 rule.
9. Inverse of a system of linear equations using Gauss-Jordan method.
10. Find the Eigen values using Power method.
11. Program for solving ordinary differential equation by Runge-Kutta Method.

Paper Code(s): EEC-253 / EEC-254	L	P	C
Paper: Circuits and Systems Lab	-	2	1

Marking Scheme:

1. Teachers Continuous Evaluation: 40 marks
2. Term end Theory Examinations: 60 marks

Instructions:

1. The course objectives and course outcomes are identical to that of (Circuits and Systems) as this is the practical component of the corresponding theory paper.
2. The practical list shall be notified by the teacher in the first week of the class commencement under intimation to the office of the Head of Department / Institution in which the paper is being offered from the list of practicals below. Atleast 10 experiments must be performed by the students, they may be asked to do more. Atleast 5 experiments must be from the given list.

1. Introduction to MATLAB and its basic commands.
2. Plot unit step, unit impulse, unit ramp, exponential, parabolic functions and sinusoidal signals
3. Plot the linear convolution of two sequences
4. Study the transient response of series RLC circuit for different types of waveforms on CRO and verify using MATLAB
5. Study the time response of a simulated linear system and verify the unit step and square wave response of first order and second order, type 0,1 system
6. To determine Z and Y parameters of the given two port network.
7. To determine ABCD parameters of the given two port network.
8. To verify various theorems in AC Circuits.
9. To determine Hybrid parameters of the given two port network.
10. To design Cascade Connection and determine ABCD parameters of the given two port network.
11. To design Series-Series Connection and determine Z parameters of the given two port network.
12. To design Parallel-Parallel Connection and determine Y parameters of the given two port network.
13. To design Series-Parallel Connection and determine h parameters of the given two port network.

Paper Code(s): EEC-255	L	P	C
Paper: Electrical Machines Lab	-	2	1

Marking Scheme:

1. Teachers Continuous Evaluation: 40 marks
2. Term end Theory Examinations: 60 marks

Instructions:

1. The course objectives and course outcomes are identical to that of (Electrical Machines) as this is the practical component of the corresponding theory paper.
2. The practical list shall be notified by the teacher in the first week of the class commencement under intimation to the office of the Head of Department / Institution in which the paper is being offered from the list of practicals below. Atleast 10 experiments must be performed by the students, they may be asked to do more. Atleast 5 experiments must be from the given list.

1. To obtain magnetization characteristics of DC shunt generator and determine critical field resistance and critical speed.
2. To perform load test on DC shunt generator and determine the characteristics.
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3. To perform speed control of DC shunt motor by field and armature control.
4. To perform the load test on D.C. shunt motor and to draw the performance characteristics.
5. To perform the Swinburne's test on a D.C. shunt Machine and to pre determine its efficiency when running as a motor as well as generator and also draw the characteristic curves.
6. To perform Open circuit and short circuit tests on single phase transformer for parameter estimation of the transformer.
7. To obtain star-star, star-delta and delta-delta connections for three phase transformers.
8. To perform parallel operation of two single phase transformers.
9. To perform block rotor test and no load test on induction motor(single phase) for parameter estimation.
10. To perform block rotor test and no load test on induction motor (three phase) for parameter estimation.
11. To perform SCC and OCC of an alternator and calculate voltage regulation at UPF, .8 leading and .8 lagging pf.
12. To perform load test on alternator.

Paper Code(s): ECC-265	L	P	C
Paper: Analog Electronics Lab	-	2	1

Marking Scheme:

1. Teachers Continuous Evaluation: 40 marks
2. Term end Theory Examinations: 60 marks

Instructions:

1. The course objectives and course outcomes are identical to that of (Analog Electronics) as this is the practical component of the corresponding theory paper.
2. The practical list shall be notified by the teacher in the first week of the class commencement under intimation to the office of the Head of Department / Institution in which the paper is being offered from the list of practicals below. Atleast 10 experiments must be performed by the students, they may be asked to do more. Atleast 5 experiments must be from the given list.

1. To plot V-I characteristics of a semiconductor diode & Calculate Static & Dynamic Resistance
2. To Study the Reverse characteristics of Zener diode
3. To Study the Rectifier circuit (With and Without Filter).
 - a) Half Wave Rectifier
 - b) Centre Tapped Rectifier.
 - c) Bridge Rectifier.
4. To Plot Input & Output characteristics CB/CE/CC transistor.
5. Plot the FET characteristics & MOSFET characteristics.
6. Two Stage R.C. Coupled Amplifier.
 - a) To measure the overall gain of two stages at 1 KHz and compare it with gain of 1st stage,
 - b) To observe the loading effect of second stage on the first stage.
 - c) To plot the frequency response curve of two stage amplifier.
7. To study Emitter follower circuit & measurement of voltage gain and plotting of frequency response Curve.
8. Feedback in Amplifier. Single stage amplifier with and without by pass capacitor, measurement of voltage gain and plotting the frequency response in both cases.
9. To study the opamp (IC 741) as inverting and non inverting amplifier and calculate its gain.
10. To study the opamp (IC 741) as adder, sub-tractor and voltage follower, calculate its output voltage.
11. To study RC phase shift/WIEN BRIDGE oscillator
12. To study the waveform of square wave generator using 741 OP-AMP IC.